Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated ABN: 73 975 059 485

Financial Statements

ABN: 73 975 059 485

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Committee's Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

The committee members submit the financial report of the Association for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

1. General information

Committee members

The names of committee members throughout the year and at the date of this report are: **Bob Harnas** President Tahn Eather Vice President Brian Gahan Secretary Robin Mules Treasurer Paul McCabe Race Director **Brett Staples** Member Liaison Justin Kerslake **Promotions Officer** Tayla Harnas Social Media

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Association during the financial year were:

- To promote karting in Canberra and Districts.
- To participate in karting competitions.
- To acquire and improve competition tracks and facilities.

Significant changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

2. Operating results

The surplus of the Association for the financial year amounted to \$21,174(2023: \$33,882).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Members of the Committee:

Digitally signed by Robin	Bob	Digitally signed by Bob Harnas
Robin Mules Date: 2024.10.11 14:59:26	l lawass /	Date: 2024.10.11
Committee member: +11'00'	Committee member: Harnas	1.5:03:09. ±.11'.00'

Dated

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Statement of Profit or Loss

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
Income	4	193,577	220,611
Accounting fees		(7,678)	(2,000)
Depreciation expense		(19,842)	(24,231)
Bank charges		(3,989)	(4,452)
Canteen Purchases		(18,784)	(20,145)
Electricity and water		(3,752)	(2,741)
Other expenses		(18,725)	(14,753)
Race Expenses		(55,602)	(62,447)
Rental Expenses		(11,732)	(9,623)
Repairs and Maintainance		(32,299)	(46,337)
Surplus before income taxes		21,174	33,882
Income tax expense	2(b)	-	<u>-</u>
Surplus after income tax	<u> </u>	21,174	33,882

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Statement of Assets and Liabilities

As At 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS		·	·
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	128,714	114,747
Trade and other receivables	6	3,363	-
Prepayments	8 _	3,787	3,361
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	135,864	118,108
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Plant and equipment	7 _	268,628	270,322
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	268,628	270,322
TOTAL ASSETS	_	404,492	388,430
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	9	-	2,512
Other accruals	9 _	2,600	5,200
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	2,600	7,712
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,600	7,712
NET ASSETS	_	401,892	380,718
EQUITY			
Retained earnings	_	401,892	380,718
TOTAL EQUITY	_	401,892	380,718

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Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2024

	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2023	380,718	380,718
Surplus for the year	21,174	21,174
Balance at 30 June 2024	401,892	401,892
2023	Retained	Total
	Earnings \$	10tai \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	346,836	346,836
Surplus for the year	33,882	33,882
Balance at 30 June 2023	380,718	380,718

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Statement of Cash Flows

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		190,213	220,611
Payments to suppliers		(158,096)	(167,942)
Net cash provided by operating activities	12	32,117	52,669
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of plant and equipment	7(a)	(18,150)	(112,053)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(18,150)	(112,053)
		(10,100)	(112,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held		13,967	(59,384)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		114,747	174,131
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	5	128,714	114,747

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

The financial statements cover Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated as an individual entity. Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated is a not-for-profit Association incorporated in the Australian Capital Territory under the Associations Incorporation Act (ACT) 1991 ('the Act').

The functional and presentation currency of Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

In the opinion of the Committee of Management, the Association is not a reporting entity since there are unlikely to exist users of the financial statements who are not able to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all of their information needs. These special purpose financial statements have been prepared to meet the reporting requirements of the Act.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards and Accounting Interpretations, and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows, AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(a) Revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Association expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Association have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

Specific revenue streams

Other income

Other income is recognised on an accruals basis when the Association is entitled to it.

(b) Income tax

The Association is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(c) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(d) Plant and equipment

Each class of Plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Depreciation

Plant and equipment, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Association, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class Depreciation rate Land Improvements $5\% \sim 20\%$ Plant and Equipment 10%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

(e) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Association becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Association classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(e) Financial instruments

Financial assets

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss FVTPL
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instrument (FVOCI equity)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Association changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

The Association's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of assets and liabilities.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Fair value through other comprehensive income - Equity instruments

The Association does not hold any investments in listed and unlisted entities.

Financial assets through profit or loss

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at FVTPL.

The Association does not hold any assets that fall into this category.

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for the following assets:

financial assets measured at amortised cost

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Association considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Association's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Association uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Association uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(e) Financial instruments

Financial assets

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Association in full, without recourse to the Association to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Association in accordance with the contract and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

Trade receivables

Impairment of trade receivables have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Association has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Association renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

Financial liabilities

The Association measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Association comprise trade payables.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Those charged with governance make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

Key estimates - useful lives of property and equipment

The Association reviews the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. .

4 Revenue and Other Income

\$ 22,821 47 58,551 59 120,693 91 1,364 12 17,182
58,551 59 120,693 91 1,364 112 17,182
58,551 59 120,693 91 1,364 112 17,182
120,693 191 1,364 112 17,182
1,364 12 17,182
17,182
14 -
220,611
2023
\$
114 ,747
114,747
2023
\$
-
63 -
3

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

7 Plant and Equipment

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Buildings At cost Accumulated depreciation	9,616 (9,616)	9,616 (9,616)
Total buildings	-	
Plant and equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation	264,082 (252,749)	254,600 (250,919)
Total plant and equipment	11,333	3,681
Land Improvements At cost Accumulated depreciation	340,130 (82,833)	331,462 (64,821)
Total land improvements	257,297	266,641
Total Plant and equipment	268,630	270,322

(a) Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and Equipment	Land Improvements	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2024			
Balance at the beginning of year	3,681	266,641	270,322
Additions	9,482	8,668	18,150
Depreciation expense	(1,830)	(18,012)	(19,842)
Balance at the end of the year	11,333	257,297	268,630

8 Other Assets

Other Assets	2024 \$	2023 \$
CURRENT Prepayments	3,787	3,361
	3,787	3,361

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Trade and Other Payables

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
CURRENT			
GST payable		-	2,512
Accrued expenses		2,600	5,200
Total Trade and other payables	_	2,600	7,712

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

10 Financial Risk Management

The Association is exposed to a variety of financial risks through its use of financial instruments.

The Association's overall risk management plan seeks to minimise potential adverse effects due to the unpredictability of financial markets.

The most significant financial risks to which the Association is exposed to are described below:

Specific risks

- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk
- Market risk interest rate risk

Financial instruments used

The principal categories of financial instrument used by the Association are:

- Cash at bank
- Trade and other payables

		2024	2023
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Held at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	128,714	114,747
Trade and other receivables	<u></u>	3,363	
Total financial assets	_	132,077	114,747
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9 _	2,600	5,200
Total financial liabilities	_	2,600	5,200

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

11 Contingencies

In the opinion of the Committee of Management, the Association did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023:None).

12 Cash Flow Information

(a) Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Surplus for the year	21,174	33,882
Non-cash flows in profit:		
- Depreciation	19,842	24,231
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase) in trade and other receivables	(3,363)	-
- (increase) in prepayments	(425)	(3,362)
- (decrease) in trade and other payables	(2,511)	(3,950)
- (decrease)/increase in Accruals	(2,600)	1,868
Cashflows from operations	32,117	52,669

13 Events After the End of the Reporting Period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Association, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Association in future financial years.

14 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the association is:

Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated 705 Pialligo Avenue Majura ACT 2609

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Statement by Members of the Committee

The committee has determined that the Association is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 2 to the financial statements.

In the opinion of the committee the financial report as set out on pages 2 to 13:

- 1. Presents fairly the financial position of Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated as at 30 June 2024 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) of that Australian Accounting Standards Board.
- 2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the committee and is signed for and on behalf of the committee by:





Dated



6 Phipps Close Deakin ACT 2600 PO Box 322 Curtin ACT 2605

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Hardwickes Partners Pty Ltd ABN 21 008 401 536

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Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated

Independent Audit Report to the members of Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a special purpose financial report of Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated (the Association), which comprises the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and the statement by members of the committee.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Association for the year ended 30 June 2024 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Associations Incorporation Act (ACT) 1991.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report is prepared to assist the Association in meeting the requirements of the Act. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Association and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Association. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Associations Incorporation Act (ACT) 1991, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.





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Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated

Independent Audit Report to the members of Canberra Kart Racing Club Incorporated

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

Houden cles
Hardwickes
Chartered Assessed

Chartered Accountants

Bhaumik Bumia CA Partner

Canberra

11 OCTOBER ROZY

